# Ethical Student Hackers

#### Bad USB



# The Legal Bit

- The skills taught in these sessions allow identification and exploitation of security vulnerabilities in systems. We strive to give you a place to practice legally, and can point you to other places to practice. These skills should not be used on systems where you do not have explicit permission from the owner of the system. It is <u>VERY</u> easy to end up in breach of relevant laws, and we can accept no responsibility for anything you do with the skills learnt here.
- If we have reason to believe that you are utilising these skills against systems where you are not authorised you will be banned from our events, and if necessary the relevant authorities will be alerted.
- Remember, if you have any doubts as to if something is legal or authorised, just don't do it until you are able to confirm you are allowed to.
- Relevant UK Law: <u>https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/1990/18/contents</u>



#### Code of Conduct

- Before proceeding past this point you must read and agree to our Code of Conduct this is a requirement from the University for us to operate as a society.
- If you have any doubts or need anything clarified, please ask a member of the committee.
- Breaching the Code of Conduct = immediate ejection and further consequences.
- Code of Conduct can be found at https://shefesh.com/downloads/SESH%20Code%20of%20Conduct.pdf



#### Movember





#### Arduino IDE

We will be using the arduino IDE later in this session. Please start installing it now.

<u> https://www.arduino.cc/en/software</u>



## New Type of Attack!

So far we have covered:

- Web based attacks
- General hacking fundamentals i.e. linux
- Intelligence gathering general with OSINT and system specific with Enumeration

Today we are covering one type of in-person attack



# Why go there in-person?

Why risk getting out of the office when doing a penetration test?

- Mainly because actual hackers do! A pen testers job is to simulate an attack on a company, which includes all avenues of attack
- An offsite access may not be possible/feasible you may not be able to find a web based route into the company
- Certain components of the company may be air gapped not physically connected to the rest of the network
- Its fun sneaking around!



#### In-person techniques

- Social Engineering
- Tailgating
- Lock picking
- Bypassing security gates
- Dropping malicious USB's



# Hotplug Attacks

Assumption: Most computers trust devices physically plugged into them

Assumption: Most people don't think twice about plugging a USB stick into a computer

These are large assumptions that we can exploit!

- There are a large number of 'hotplug attacks' that can be performed on computers simply by plugging a device into them. The most notable examples are made by the penetration testing company <u>Hak5</u> that include (<u>https://hak5.org/collections/hotplug-attack-tools</u>):
  - USB Rubber Ducky A 'dumb' device that emulates a keyboard, has no contextual awareness
  - Bash Bunny A smart device that can emulate keyboards, USB mass storage, is a mini linux box, BLE, Ethernet emulation,
  - Shark Jack A mini linux box, interface via ethernet, perform recon
  - Plunder bug LAN tap Ethernet passthrough device to packet sniff connections



#### Keyboard Emulators

These are some of the most common hotplug attacks. Why? Variability

A keyboard emulator acts exactly like a physical keyboard. But can type far faster than a human can!

This makes them perfect for:

- Getting very quick root/administrator reverse shells
- Automating time consuming tasks
- Quickly disabling windows defender
- Run a keylogger (via a script)
- Grab WiFi credentials

Most (if not all) keyboard emulators are programmable, meaning you can create your own custom scripts to run and execute (or take some from GitHub)



## DigiSparks

Digiparks are small USB microcontrollers, a tiny computer that is programmed to do one or two tasks.

They have limited storage so cannot be used to read data off a computer

They are cheap, around £3-4





# Setup a DigiSpark

For Windows, use <a href="https://startingelectronics.com/tutorials/arduino/digispark/digispark-windows-setup/">https://startingelectronics.com/tutorials/arduino/digispark/digispark-windows-setup/</a>

- Install Arduino IDE
- Install additional board configuration
- Install drivers

For Linux, use <u>https://startingelectronics.com/tutorials/arduino/digispark/digispark-linux-setup/</u>

Troubleshooting notes:

- For Linux, you may not have to add yourself to the `dialout` group if it doesn't exist for you already
- You may also have to install the `libusb compat` library for the code to compile
  - Previously using Arch Linux's pacman has worked, pacman -S libusb-compat



#### **Preventing** attacks

Human behaviour

- Education on devices
- Access and visibility of IT services
- Dedicated secure areas
- Physical security (including surrounding areas) and reporting suspicious behaviour

#### **Technical Solutions**

- Disable ports hardware and software
- Require confirmation for new devices
- Antivirus and firewall
- Disabling unnecessary tools



#### Practical

Tasks to program: (copy your code to show us once you are done)

- Display hello world on the screen
- Open the command prompt/terminal
- Run a terminal command BE CAREFUL WITH THIS!!

Final Challenge for the prize Mug/Hoodie/Hackathon Ticket:

Create a script that runs a terminal command that something of your choosing.

Stuck? This can help (ignore the set up section)

<u>https://securityqueens.co.uk/digispark-programming/</u>

List of key mappings: Lines 66 - 130 https://github.com/digistump/DigisparkArduinoIntegration/blob/master/libraries/DigisparkKeyboa rd/DigiKeyboard.h



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  - Previously using Arch Linux's pacman has worked, pacman -S libusb-compat
- <u>https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ArminJo/DigistumpArduino/master/package\_digistump\_index.json</u> if the link in the tutorial doesnt work



## Setup a DigiSpark Continued

elect Other Board and Port			×
Select both a Board and a Port if you wan f you only select a Board you will be able	it to upload a to compile, b	sketch. out not to upload your sketch.	
BOARDS		PORTS	
digispark	Q	NO PORTS DISCOVERED	
Digispark (8mhz - No USB)			
Digispark (Default - 16.5mhz)	~		
Digispark Pro (16 Mhz) (32 byte buffer)			
Digionarly Dro (16 Mbz) (64 byto buffor)		□ Show all ports	

This is the board you want to select before you put the digispark into your computer.

Once the program is uploaded, take the device out of the computer. The next time you put the device into any computer, the program will run.



#### Feedback

Please leave your feedback :) We want to know what we can do to improve.

Please leave constructive and honest feedback only.

https://forms.gle/VTYd74K5BHqbC7F68





# Upcoming Sessions

#### What's up next? www.shefesh.com/sessions

Compsoc Collab

Police session

Residential wifi

CTF prep

Lock Picking

#### **Any Questions?**



www.shefesh.com Thanks for coming!

